



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Partners of Panorama Studios Distribution LLP

Report on the audit of Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Panorama Studios Distribution LLP ('the LLP'), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2023, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the cash flow statement and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Indian Accounting Standards ('IND AS'), of the state of affairs (financial position) of the LLP as at 31 March 2023, its profit (financial performance) including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our Report. We are independent of the LLP in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Financial Statements.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matter that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Responsibility of Designated Partners for the Financial Statements

Designated Partners are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs (financial position), its profit (financial performance) including other comprehensive income, cash flows and the changes in equity of the LLP in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the IND AS.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records for safeguarding the assets of the LLP and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing these Financial Statements, Designated Partners are responsible for assessing the LLP's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Designated Partners either intends to liquidate the LLP or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Designated Partners are also responsible for overseeing the LLP's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken based on these Financial Statements.

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As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. We are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the LLP has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Designated Partners.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Designated Partners' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the LLP's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the LLP to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with Designated Partners regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Designated Partners with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with Designated Partners, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For S.S Rathi & Company
Chartered Accountants
F.R.No. 108726W


CA Rahul Ruia
Partner
M No 163015



Place: Mumbai
Dated: May 30, 2023
UDIN : 23163015BGYQIL9667

PANORAMA STUDIOS DISTRIBUTION LLP

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

Particulars		Note No.	As at 31 March 2023	Amount in ₹ As at 31 March 2022
ASSETS				
(1) NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
a. Property, plant & equipment	3	18,67,500	21,72,668	
b. Financial assets				
i. Others	4	8,70,000	8,70,000	
c. Deferred tax assets	5	23,59,001	47,84,989	
Total non current assets		50,96,501	78,27,657	
(2) CURRENT ASSETS				
a. Financial assets				
i. Trade receivables	6	1,81,29,020	1,17,83,095	
ii. Cash & cash equivalents	7	98,24,505	15,90,956	
iii. Loans	8	77,68,700	1,43,97,000	
iv. Others	9	1,30,31,328	40,93,045	
b. Current tax assets	10	95,87,253	41,51,698	
c. Other current assets	11	1,07,12,221	1,91,69,516	
Total current assets		6,90,53,027	5,51,85,310	
TOTAL ASSETS		7,41,49,528	6,30,12,968	
EQUITY & LIABILITIES				
EQUITY (PARTNERS' CONTRIBUTIONS)				
a. Partner's capital contribution	12	10,00,000	10,00,000	
b. Other equity	13	(32,75,681)	(85,88,110)	
Total equity (partners' contributions)		(22,75,681)	(75,88,110)	
LIABILITIES				
(1) NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
a. Financial liabilities				
i. Borrowings	14	11,11,642	15,16,721	
b. Provisions	15	8,00,979	6,19,009	
Total non-current liabilities		19,12,621	21,35,730	
(2) CURRENT LIABILITIES				
a. Financial liabilities				
i. Borrowings	16	4,05,079	46,74,007	
ii. Trade payable	17	4,81,17,228	3,94,92,722	
iii. Others	18	90,67,477	1,68,00,000	
b. Provisions	19	68,35,913	28,75,537	
c. Other current liabilities	20	1,00,86,891	46,23,082	
Total current liabilities		7,45,12,588	6,84,65,348	
Total liabilities		7,64,25,209	7,06,01,078	
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES		7,41,49,528	6,30,12,968	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date
For S.S. Rathi & Company
Chartered Accountants
F.R No. 108726W

CA Rahul Ruia
Partner
Mem. No. 163015

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2023
UDIN : 23163015BGYQIL9667



For and on behalf of the Designated Partners of
Panorama Studios Distribution LLP

Abhishek Pathak
Designated Partner
DPIN : 00700868

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2023

Murlidhar Chhatwani
Designated Partner
DPIN : 07189753

Place: Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2023



PANORAMA STUDIOS DISTRIBUTION LLP

STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

			Amount in ₹	
Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	
I Income from operations (net)	21	28,87,97,825	6,96,85,676	
II Other income	22	2,87,099	1,559	
III Total income (I + II)		28,90,84,924	6,96,87,235	
IV Expenses				
Operational expenses	23	25,89,66,063	6,75,88,061	
Employee benefit expenses	24	1,54,50,862	91,66,941	
Finance expenses	25	1,76,853	2,87,195	
Depreciation	3	5,50,108	3,23,875	
Other expenses	26	62,08,784	33,95,303	
Total expenses (IV)		28,13,52,670	8,07,61,374	
V Profit/(loss) before tax (III - IV)		77,32,253	(1,10,74,139)	
VI Tax expense				
-- Current tax		NIL	NIL	
-- Deferred tax		24,24,065	(34,55,132)	
-- Earlier year tax		NIL	3,10,395	
VII Profit/(loss) after tax for the year (V - VI)		53,08,188	(79,29,402)	
VIII Other comprehensive income				
(a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or (loss)	27	6,164	(43,629)	
(b) Tax benefit/ (expense) on Items that will not be reclassified to profit or (loss)		(1,923)	13,612	
IX Total comprehensive income for the year (VII + VIII)		53,12,429	(79,59,419)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S.S. Rathi & Company

Chartered Accountants

F.R No. 108726W

CA Rahul Ruia
Partner

Mem. No. 163015



Place : Mumbai

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CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

Amount in ₹

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Total comprehensive income before tax	77,38,417	(1,11,17,768)	
Depreciation / amortisation	5,50,108	3,23,875	
Interest on car loan	1,27,489	86,852	
	6,77,597	4,10,727	
Operating profit before working capital changes	84,16,015	(1,07,07,041)	
Adjusted for :			
(Increase) / decrease in trade receivables	(63,45,925)	4,46,413	
(Increase) / decrease in loans	66,28,300	(2,05,770)	
(Increase) / decrease in other financial assets	(89,38,283)	(12,66,661)	
(Increase) / decrease in current tax assets	(67,40,100)	(77,514)	
(Increase) / decrease in other assets	84,57,295	(8,97,145)	
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	86,24,506	24,12,153	
Increase / (decrease) in other financial liability	(77,32,523)	1,45,41,645	
Increase / (decrease) in provisions	41,42,347	(9,89,177)	
Increase / (decrease) in other liability	54,63,809	17,87,839	
	35,59,426	1,57,51,783	
Cash generated from / (used in) operations	1,19,75,440	50,44,741	
Less : Taxes paid / (refund received)	(13,04,545)	16,14,939	
Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities	1,32,79,985	34,29,802	
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
(Purchase) / sale of porperty, plant & equipment	(2,44,940)	(24,64,075)	
Net cash generated from/ (used in) investing activities	(2,44,940)	(24,64,075)	
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Increase / (decrease) in borrowings	(46,74,007)	4,82,292	
Interest on car loan	(1,27,489)	(86,852)	
Accumulated profits withdrawn	NIL	NIL	
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities	(48,01,496)	3,95,441	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalent (A+B+C)	82,33,549	13,61,168	
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year	15,90,956	2,29,788	
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year	98,24,505	15,90,956	
Change in liability arising from financing activities :-			
Net debt reconciliation	Current Borrowings	Non Current Borrowings	Total Borrowings
Net debt as on 1 April 2022	46,74,007	15,16,721	61,90,728
Cash Flows (net)	(46,74,007)	NIL	(46,74,007)
Non Cash transactions	4,05,079	(4,05,079)	NIL
Net debt as on 31 March 2023	4,05,079	11,11,642	15,16,721

Notes :

- Cash and Cash equivalents include cash in hand, balance with banks in Current Account.
- The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Indian accounting standard - 7 (Ind AS -7) 'Cash Flow Statement' as notified under Companies Act 2013.

As per our report of even date

For S.S Rathi & Company
Chartered Accountants
F.R No. 108726W

CA Rahul Rathi
Partner
Mem. No. 163015

Place: Mumbai
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For and on behalf of the Designated Partners of
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DPIN : 00700868

Place : Mumbai
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Murlidhar Chhatwani
Designated Partner
DPIN : 07189753

Place: Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2023

PANORAMA STUDIOS DISTRIBUTION LLP

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

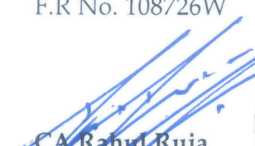
A. Partner's Capital Contribution

	Amount in ₹
Balance as at 1 April 2021	10,00,000
<i>Changes in partners capital contribution during the year</i>	
Introduced by incoming partner during the year	NIL
Withdrawn by retiring partner the year during the year	NIL
Balance as at 31 March 2022	<u>10,00,000</u>
<i>Changes in partners capital contribution during the year</i>	
Introduced by partners during the year	NIL
Withdrawn by partners during the year	NIL
Balance as at 31 March 2023	<u><u>10,00,000</u></u>

B. Other Equity

Retained Earnings	
Balance as at 1 April 2021	(6,28,691)
Profit / (loss) for the year	(79,29,402)
Other comprehensive income for the year	(30,017)
Accumulated profit withdrawn during the year	NIL
Balance as at 31 March 2022	<u>(85,88,110)</u>
Profit for the year	53,08,188
Other comprehensive income for the year	4,241
Accumulated profit withdrawn during the year	NIL
Balance as at 31 March 2023	<u><u>(32,75,681)</u></u>

As per our report of even date
For S.S Rathi & Company
Chartered Accountants
F.R No. 108726W


CA Rahul Ruia
Partner
Mem. No. 163015



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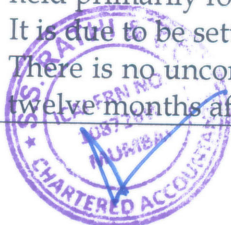


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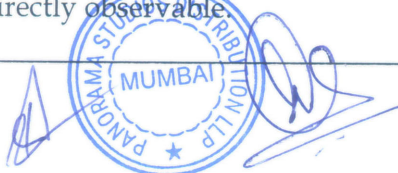
PANORAMA STUDIOS DISTRIBUTION LLP

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

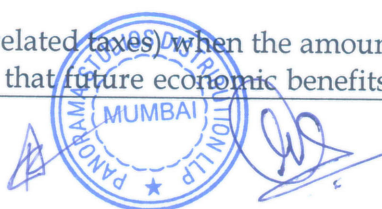
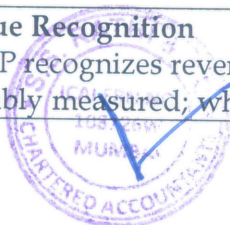
1.	LLP INFORMATION Panorama Studios Distribution LLP (the 'LLP') was incorporated in India, under the LLP Act, 2008. The LLP is a player within the Indian media and entertainment industry and is primarily engaged in the business distribution of & entertainment content. The financial statements of the LLP are for the year ended 31 March 2023 and are prepared in Indian Rupees being the functional currency.
2.	ACCOUNTING POLICIES
a)	Basis of Preparation of Accounts The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial assets which, when applicable, have been measured at fair value amount. The financial statements of the LLP have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India to comply with the Indian Accounting standards ('IND AS') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). All Income and Expenditure having a material bearing on the financial statements are recognized on accrual basis. In case of uncertainties in either aspect, revenue recognition is postponed to the time of realizing such claims. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Accounting Standards requires Designated Partners to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the end of financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year.
b)	Current versus non-current classification The LLP presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is: ▪ Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle; ▪ Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; ▪ Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period; ▪ held primarily for the purpose of trading; and ▪ Carrying current portion of non-current financial assets. All other assets are classified as non-current. A liability is current when: ▪ It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle; ▪ held primarily for the purpose of trading; ▪ It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; ▪ There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period; or



	▪ It includes current portion of non-current financial liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The LLP has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.
c)	Foreign currencies Functional and presentation currency: - Items included in the financial statements of the LLP are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is the LLP's functional and presentation currency. Transactions and balances: - Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the prevailing rates of exchange at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Any exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.
d)	Fair value measurement The LLP's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values for financial instruments. The LLP has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The Designated Partners regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the Financial Statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole: Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.



	Level 3 -Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.
e)	Property, plant and equipment Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and arrangements arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow the entity and the cost can be measured reliably. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided using written down value method. Depreciation is provided based on useful life as ascertained by the Designated Partners as under: Computers - 3 years Office Equipment - 5 years Gains or losses arising from derecognition of a property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.
f)	Impairment of non-financial assets - property, plant and equipment and intangible assets: The LLP assesses at each reporting dates as to whether there is any indication that any property, plant and equipment and intangible assets may be impaired. If any such indication exists the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. An impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of the Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets. The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.
g)	Provisions and Contingencies Provisions are recognized when the LLP has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Contingent liabilities are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.
h)	Revenue Recognition The LLP recognizes revenue (net of sales related taxes) when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the



	entity; and when specific criteria have been met for the LLP's activities, as described below. Revenue from operation: - i) Income from film distribution is recognized on accrual basis subject to receipt of Daily Collection Reports (DCR) and /or Business statements. In the event Sales/Realizations are subject to certain conditions, eventualities and uncertainties, the Sales/Realizations are deemed to accrue as and when events take place or conditions are fulfilled or uncertainties are removed. Accordingly, such income is accounted only after the events take place or conditions are fulfilled or uncertainties are removed. This is in accordance with Accounting Standard in respect of recognition of revenue and prudential norms.
i)	Foreign Currency Transactions Transactions in foreign currencies are accounted at standard exchange rates. Current assets and current liabilities in foreign currencies are realigned with rates ruling on Balance Sheet date. Any gain/loss arising on realignment or realization is charged to the Profit and Loss Account.
j)	Taxation Taxation on profit and loss comprises current tax and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income in which case tax impact is also recognized in equity or other comprehensive income. Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date along with any adjustment relating to tax payable in previous years. Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized, or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off assets against liabilities representing current tax and where the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to utilize all or part of the deferred tax asset. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available to utilize the deferred tax asset.
k)	Financial instrument: i. Financial assets a. Initial recognition and measurement The LLP classifies financial instruments, or their component parts, on initial



recognition as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement. Financial instruments are recognized when the LLP becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value plus transactions costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instrument, except for financial assets at fair value through statement of profit and loss, which are initially measured at fair value, excluding transaction costs (which is recognized in statement of profit and loss).

b. Subsequent Measurement

• **Financial Assets at amortized cost:**

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

• **Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI):**

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

• **Financial assets at fair value through statement of profit and loss (FVTPL):**

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Gain and losses on fair value of such instruments are recognised in statement of profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

ii. Impairment of financial assets: -

The LLP assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortized cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

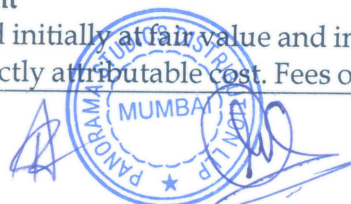
Expected credit loss ('ECL') impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss (P&L). This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' in the P&L. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

Financial assets measured as at amortized cost and other contractual revenue receivables - ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e., as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the LLP does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

iii. Financial Liabilities

a. Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and in case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature



are directly recognized in statement profit and loss as finance cost.

b. Subsequent measurement:

- Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.
- For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

○ **Loans and borrowings:**

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognized in statement of profit and loss when liabilities are derecognized. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance cost in the statement of statement of profit and loss.

iv. De-recognition of financial instruments

The LLP derecognizes a financial asset when contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for de-recognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the LLP's balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

v. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

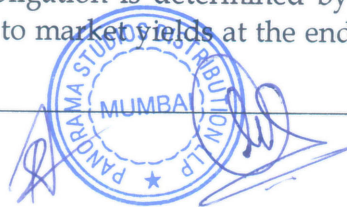
l) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the LLP financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires Designated Partners to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accounting disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Estimates and judgements are continuously evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised.

m) Retirement Benefits

The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting



	period on government bonds that have terms approximate to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of change in equity and in the balance sheet.
n)	Other Accounting Policies These are consistent with the generally accepted accounting practices.



PANORAMA STUDIOS DISTRIBUTION LLP

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

3. PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT				Amount in ₹
	Motor Car	Computers	Office Equipments	Total
Cost				
At 1 April 2021	NIL	1,85,923	43,590	2,29,513
Additions	22,37,187	2,01,888	25,000	24,64,075
Disposals	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
At 31 March 2022	22,37,187	3,87,810	68,590	26,93,587
Additions	NIL	2,44,940	NIL	2,44,940
Disposals	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
At 31 March 2023	22,37,187	6,32,750	68,590	29,38,527
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2021	NIL	1,61,814	35,230	1,97,044
Charge for the Year	2,60,761	52,586	10,528	3,23,875
At 31 March 2022	2,60,761	2,14,400	45,758	5,20,919
Charge for the year	3,57,805	1,82,012	10,291	5,50,108
At 31 March 2023	6,18,566	3,96,412	56,049	10,71,027
Net Block				
At 31 March 2022	2,60,761	1,73,410	22,832	21,72,668
At 31 March 2023	16,18,621	2,36,338	12,541	18,67,500

4. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	AS AT 31 March 2023	AS AT 31 March 2022
	Amount in ₹	
Non-Current		
Deposits	8,70,000	8,70,000
	8,70,000	8,70,000

5. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	AS AT 31 March 2023	AS AT 31 March 2022
	Amount in ₹	
Deferred Tax Assets		
Related to provision for gratuity	2,60,268	1,93,653
Related to property, plant & equipments	20,655	NIL
Related to preliminary expenses	NIL	2,830
Related to carry forward of losses	20,78,078	46,01,841
Gross deferred tax assets	23,59,001	47,98,324
Deferred Tax liabilities		
Related to property, plant & equipments	NIL	13,335
Gross deferred tax liabilities	NIL	13,335
Net deferred tax assets	23,59,001	47,84,989

6. TRADE RECEIVABLES	AS AT 31 March 2023	AS AT 31 March 2022
	Amount in ₹	
Current		
Unsecured		
Considered good	1,81,29,020	1,17,83,095
	1,81,29,020	1,17,83,095



PANORAMA STUDIOS DISTRIBUTION LLP

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

6. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Contd....)

Trade receivable ageing schedule is as follows :

Amount in ₹

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023					
	Particulars Outstanding for following periods from date of transaction#					
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	1,48,89,368	11,42,024	5,86,752	1,98,545	13,12,331	1,81,29,020
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,48,89,368	11,42,024	5,86,752	1,98,545	13,12,331	1,81,29,020

Amount in ₹

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022					
	Particulars Outstanding for following periods from date of transaction#					
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	78,37,283	8,99,635	4,14,252	20,35,678	5,96,247	1,17,83,095
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	78,37,283	8,99,635	4,14,252	20,35,678	5,96,247	1,17,83,095

(#) Ageing is from the date of transaction which is different from the due date.

7. CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash on hand

Balances with banks

in current accounts

AS AT 31 March 2023	AS AT 31 March 2022
Amount in ₹	
3,02,257	36,114
95,22,248	15,54,842
98,24,505	15,90,956

8. LOANS

Current

(Unsecured, considered good)

Loans to others

Loans to related parties

22,46,700	12,25,000
55,22,000	1,31,72,000
77,68,700	1,43,97,000



PANORAMA STUDIOS DISTRIBUTION LLP

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

8. LOANS (Contd....)

Amount in ₹

Details of loans and advances in the nature of loans granted to promoters, directors, key managerial personnel and related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022	
	Amount Outstanding	% to the total loans and advances	Amount Outstanding	% to the total loans and advances
a) Amount Repayable on demand				
Promoters	-	-	-	-
Directors	-	-	-	-
personnel	-	-	-	-
Other related parties	55,22,000	38.36%	1,31,72,000	92.82%
b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment				
Promoters	-	-	-	-
Directors	-	-	-	-
personnel	-	-	-	-
Other related parties	-	-	-	-
Total	55,22,000	38.36%	1,31,72,000	92.82%

9. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Current

Deposits

Balance of partner's current account (Dr)

Revenue earned but not billed

AS AT 31 March 2023	AS AT 31 March 2022
Amount in ₹	
75,000	75,000
29,17,325	11,19,522
1,00,39,003	28,98,523
1,30,31,328	40,93,045

10. CURRENT TAX ASSETS

T.D.S. (net of provision for tax)

Indirect tax credit

79,25,498	39,82,666
16,61,755	1,69,032
95,87,253	41,51,698

11. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Advances recoverable in cash or kind or for value to be recd

Advance for film rights

Others

16,53,647	55,62,250
75,00,000	1,30,00,000
15,58,574	6,07,266
1,07,12,221	1,91,69,516

12. PARTNER'S CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION

Panorama Studios International Limited

Omjee Cine World

Murlidhar Chhatwani

5,10,000	5,10,000
2,45,000	2,45,000
2,45,000	2,45,000
10,00,000	10,00,000

13. OTHER EQUITY

Retained Earnings

Balance at the beginning of the year

Add : Total comprehensive income for the year

Balance at the end of the period

(85,88,110)	(6,28,691)
53,12,429	(79,59,419)
(32,75,681)	(85,88,110)



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

*The LLP has no information as to whether any of its Suppliers constitute Micro, Small or Medium Enterprises and therefore, the claims for suppliers and other related data as per the requirement of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 could not be ascertained on the basis of information available with the LLP. Further in view of the Management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Act is not expected to be material. The LLP has not received any claim for interest from any supplier as at the balance sheet date. These facts have been relied upon by the auditors.

Amount in ₹

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022				
	Particulars Outstanding for following periods from date of transaction#				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Others	1,60,81,928	15,32,478	2,17,62,304	1,16,012	3,94,92,722
Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues – Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,60,81,928	15,32,478	2,17,62,304	1,16,012	3,94,92,722

(#)Ageing is from the date of transaction which is different from the due date.



PANORAMA STUDIOS DISTRIBUTION LLP

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	AS AT 31 March 2023	AS AT 31 March 2022
	Amount in ₹	
18. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Current		
Balance of partner's current account (Cr)	24,12,250	1,68,00,000
Book overdraft	66,55,227	NIL
	90,67,477	1,68,00,000
19. PROVISIONS		
Current		
Provisions for employee benefits	33,213	1,673
Provision for expenses	68,02,700	28,73,864
	68,35,913	28,75,537
20. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Statutory dues payable	14,18,504	7,10,342
Trade advances	85,67,778	39,12,740
Other current liabilities	1,00,609	NIL
	1,00,86,891	46,23,082
	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
	Amount in ₹	
21. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		
Realisation from exploitation of copyrights	20,06,85,655	5,95,21,677
Other operational income	8,81,12,170	1,01,63,999
	28,87,97,825	6,96,85,676
22. OTHER INCOME		
Interest on I.T. Refund	1,50,610	1,559
Other income	1,36,489	NIL
	2,87,099	1,559
23. OPERATIONAL EXPENSES		
Cost of content exploitation	19,87,38,249	5,85,55,231
Other operational expenses	6,02,27,815	90,32,829
	25,89,66,063	6,75,88,061
24. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES		
Partner's remuneration	27,00,000	1,50,000
Salaries & wages	1,18,92,512	84,97,529
Gratuity expenses	2,19,674	1,74,080
Staff welfare expenses	6,38,676	3,45,332
	1,54,50,862	91,66,941
25. FINANCE EXPENSES		
Bank charges	12,180	7,827
Interest on car loan	1,27,489	86,852
Interest & late fees on statutory dues	37,184	1,92,516
	1,76,853	2,87,195



PANORAMA STUDIOS DISTRIBUTION LLP

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
	Amount in ₹	
26. OTHER EXPENSES		
Auditor's remuneration	50,000	50,000
Bad Debts	2,51,268	28,000
Business promotion expenses	63,927	79,944
Conveyance & travelling	10,36,512	9,33,872
Insurance expenses	38,991	25,218
Legal & professional expenses	12,79,000	13,500
Office expenses	30,25,266	18,40,698
Rates & taxes	52,404	5,400
Rent	2,35,000	3,54,774
Telephone & internet expenses	1,76,417	63,897
	62,08,784	33,95,303

27. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The disaggregation of changes to OCI by each type of reserve in equity is shown below:

Retained earnings:

Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent period:

Re-measurement gains/(loss) on defined benefit plans

6,164	(43,629)
6,164	(43,629)

28. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

In accordance with the requirements of Indian Accounting Standard 24 i.e. "Related Party Disclosures" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the details of related party transactions are given below:

i. List of Related Parties with whom transaction have taken place & Relationship.

Name of the Related Parties	Relationship
Panorama Studios International Ltd	Partner
Murlidhar Chhatwani	Partner
Omjee Cine World	Partner
Ravindra Auti	Key Management Personnel
Big Screen Distributors	Proprietorship of Relative of Key Management Personnel *
Big Screen Entertainment	Proprietorship of Relative of Key Management Personnel *
Panorama Studios Pvt Ltd	Fellow Subsidiary Company / LLP
Panorama Music Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company / LLP
Brain on Rent LLP	Fellow Subsidiary Company / LLP
Hazelknight Media & Entertainment Pvt Ltd	Enterprises over which Key Management Personnel are able to exercise significant influence

* Transactions of Proprietorships are merged with Proprietor of the entity.



PANORAMA STUDIOS DISTRIBUTION LLP

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

28. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Contd...)

ii. Transaction with related parties during the year

	2022-23	2021-22
	Amount in ₹	
a. Partner		
Loan Given	17,97,803	NIL
Loan Received back	NIL	NIL
Realisation from exploitation of copyrights	22,72,577	2,383
Other operational income	45,71,006	6,21,867
Cost of content exploitation	4,60,96,588	1,70,71,297
Other operational expenses	4,63,080	15,000
Advance for purchase of film rights	75,00,000	NIL
Partners Remuneration	27,00,000	1,50,000
Office Expenses	26,76,080	18,00,000
Office Deposit	NIL	8,70,000
b. Key Management Personnel		
Salaries & wages	NIL	8,40,050
Legal & professional fees	12,60,000	NIL
c. Relative of Key Management Personnel		
Loan given	11,63,00,000	1,13,50,000
Loan received back	12,39,50,000	1,06,07,000
Loan Taken	NIL	3,05,000
Loan Repaid	NIL	3,05,000
Realisation from exploitation of copyrights	8,47,500	4,48,000
Other operational expenses	NIL	77,025
d. Enterprises over which Key Management Personnel are able to exercise significant influence		
Other operational income	NIL	8,070
e. Fellow Subsidiary		
Other operational income	5,58,619	3,92,065
Cost of film distribution	15,79,356	23,37,968
Other operational expenses	18,28,168	NIL
Deposits Received back - during the year	NIL	8,70,000
Reimbursement of Expenses	NIL	4,842

iii. Balance outstanding at the year end is as under :

	2022-23	2021-22
	Amount in ₹	
Deposits		
Partner	8,70,000	8,70,000
Trade Receivable		
Partner	10,78,264	NIL
Relative of Key Management Personnel	7,42,533	10,09,433
Fellow Subsidiary	NIL	1,078
Loan Given		
Relative of Key Management Personnel	55,22,000	1,31,72,000
Other Financial Assets		
Partner	29,17,325	11,19,522
Fellow Subsidiary	83,122	4,93,956
Other Current Assets		
Partner	NIL	1,30,00,000
Trade Payable		
Partner	1,05,44,791	63,50,475
Fellow Subsidiary	11,81,138	30,22,701
Key Management Personnel	86,396	NIL
Other Financial Liability		
Partner	24,12,250	1,68,00,000
Provisions		
Fellow Subsidiary	5,23,942	78,313
Partner	2,94,493	NIL
Revenue earned but not billed		
Partner	1,09,463	NIL



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PANORAMA STUDIOS DISTRIBUTION LLP

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

29. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The operations of the LLP relate to only one segment viz. Entertainment Industry. The business activities of the LLP are confined to India only. Hence no additional disclosure are made as required under Ind AS - 108 on "Operating Segments" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

30. INCOME / EXPENDITURE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY

	2022-23	2021-22
Income in Foreign Currency	Amount in ₹	
Realisation from exploitation of copyrights	4,71,489	11,66,020
Expenditure in Foreign Currency	NIL	NIL

31. PARTNERS REMUNERATION

The LLP has paid remuneration to Partners of Rs. 27,00,000/- during the year (Previous year - Rs. 1,50,000/-).

32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT - ACCOUNTING CLASSIFICATION AND FAIR VALUE

The Fair value to be financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument can be exchanged in the current transaction between willing parties, other than in forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate fair value:

Fair value of the cash and cash equivalent, short term borrowings and other current financial instruments approximate their carrying amount largely due to short term maturities of these instruments.

The following table shows the Levels within the hierarchy of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Particulars	Carrying Amount As at 31 March 2023	Fair Value		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets at fair value:	NIL			
Financial liabilities at fair value:	NIL			
Total	NIL			

Particulars	Carrying Amount As at 31 March 2022	Fair Value		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets at fair value:	NIL			
Financial liabilities at fair value:	NIL			
Total	NIL			

The following table shows the financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost on a recurring basis.

	AS AT 31 March 2023	AS AT 31 March 2022
Amount in ₹		
Financials Assets measured at amortized cost		
Non- Current Assets		
Others	8,70,000.00	8,70,000.00
Current Assets		
Trade receivable	1,81,29,020	1,17,83,095
Cash & cash equivalents	98,24,505	15,90,956
Loans	77,68,700	1,43,97,000
Others	1,30,31,328	40,93,045
	<u>4,96,23,553</u>	<u>3,27,34,097</u>
Financials Liabilities measured at amortized cost		
Non-Current Liabilities		
Borrowings	11,11,642	15,16,721
Current Liabilities		
Borrowings	4,05,079	46,74,007
Trade payables	4,81,17,228	3,94,92,722
Others	90,67,477	1,68,00,000
	<u>5,87,01,426</u>	<u>6,24,83,450</u>

33. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Particulars		
Statutory audit fees	50,000	50,000
	<u>50,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

34. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT**Defined Contribution Plans**

LLP does not have any short / long term Defined Contribution Plan for Employees.

Defined Benefit Plan (Unfunded)**A general description of the Employees Benefit Plan:**

The LLP has an obligation towards gratuity, a unfunded benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. The plan provides for lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement/death while in employment or on termination of the employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days salary payable for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of six months. Vesting occurs upon completion of five years of service.

**Gratuity Disclosure Statement as Per Indian Accounting Standard 19 (Ind AS 19)
for the Year 01-04-2022 to 31-03-2023**

	Current Year	Previous Year
Assumptions		
Expected Return on Plan Assets	N.A.	N.A.
Rate of Discounting	7.41%	6.90%
Rate of Salary Increase	8.00%	8.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	For Service Less than 4 years : 20.00% p.a. and For Service 5 years and above : 5.00% p.a.	For Service Less than 4 years : 20.00% p.a. and For Service 5 years and above : 5.00% p.a.
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14)

Table Showing Change in the Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation

Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the year	6,20,682	4,02,973
Interest Cost	42,827	26,475
Current Service Cost	1,76,847	1,47,605
Past Service Cost - Incurred During the year	-	-
Liability Transferred In/ Acquisitions	-	-
(Liability Transferred Out/ Divestments)	-	-
(Gains)/ Losses on Curtailment	-	-
(Liabilities Extinguished on Settlement)	-	-
(Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer)	-	-
(Benefit Paid From the Fund)	-	-
The Effect Of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	-	-
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Demographic Assumptions	-	231
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Financial Assumptions	(44,803)	(23,031)
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Experience Adjustment	38,639	66,429
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the year	8,34,192	6,20,682



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

34. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT (Contd...)

Table Showing Change in the Fair Value of Plan Assets

Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the year	-	-
Interest Income	-	-
Contributions by the Employer	-	-
Expected Contributions by the Employees	-	-
Assets Transferred In/ Acquisitions	-	-
(Assets Transferred Out/ Divestments)	-	-
(Benefit Paid from the Fund)	-	-
(Assets Distributed on Settlements)	-	-
(Expenses and Tax for managing the Benefit Obligations - paid from the fund)	-	-
Effects of Asset Ceiling	-	-
The Effect Of Changes In Foreign Exchange Rates	-	-
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	-	-
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End of the year	-	-

Actual Return on Plan Assets

Interest Income	-	-
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	-	-
Actual Return on Plan Assets	-	-

Net Interest Cost for the year

Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning	6,20,682	4,02,973
(Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning)	-	-
Net Liability/(Asset) at the Beginning	6,20,682	4,02,973
Interest Cost	42,827	26,475
(Interest Income)	-	-
Net Interest Cost for Current year	42,827	26,475

Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for the Year

Current Service Cost	1,76,847	1,47,605
Net Interest Cost	42,827	26,475
Past Service Cost - Recognized	-	-
(Expected Contributions by the Employees)	-	-
(Gains)/Losses on Curtailments And Settlements	-	-
Net Effect of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	-	-
Change in Asset Ceiling	-	-
Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss	2,19,674	1,74,080

Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income for the Year

Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligation For the Year	(6,164)	43,629
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	-	-
Subtotal	(6,164)	43,629
Expenses Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income	(6,164)	43,629



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

34. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT (Contd...)

Amount Recognized in the Balance Sheet		
(Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the Year)	(8,34,192)	(6,20,682)
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the Year	-	-
Funded Status (Surplus/ (Deficit))	(8,34,192)	(6,20,682)
Net (Liability)/ Asset Recognized in the Balance Sheet	(8,34,192)	(6,20,682)

Balance Sheet Reconciliation		
Opening Net Liability	6,20,682	4,02,973
Expense Recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss	2,19,674	1,74,080
Expense Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income	(6,164)	43,629
Net Liability/(Asset) Transfer In	-	-
Net (Liability)/ Asset Transfer Out	-	-
(Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer)	-	-
(Employer's Contribution)	-	-
Net Liability/(Asset) Recognized in the Balance Sheet	8,34,192	6,20,682

Date of Valuation	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Defined Benefit Obligation	8,34,192	6,20,682
Funding Status	Unfunded	Unfunded
Fund Balance	N.A.	N.A.
Current Liability	33,213	1,673
Non - Current Liability	8,00,979	6,19,009

Category of Assets		
Government of India Assets	-	-
State Government Securities	-	-
Special Deposits Scheme	-	-
Corporate Bonds	-	-
Cash And Cash Equivalents	-	-
Insurance fund	-	-
Other	-	-
Total	-	-

Maturity Analysis of the Benefit Payments: From the Employer		
Projected Benefits Payable in Future Years From the Date of Reporting		
1st Following Year	33,213	1,673
2nd Following Year	40,530	22,441
3rd Following Year	74,515	31,760
4th Following Year	42,467	50,493
5th Following Year	44,350	33,250
Sum of Years 6 To 10	2,56,009	2,28,091
Sum of Years 11 and above	15,43,960	11,42,731



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

34. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT (Contd....)

Other Details		
No of Active Members	21	15
Per Month Salary For Active Members	4,69,134	3,78,142
Weighted Average Duration of Defined Benefit Obligation	8	11
Average Expected Future Service	12	8
Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO)	8,34,192	6,20,682
DBO Non Vested Employees	3,55,565	6,20,682
DBO Vested Employees	4,78,627	-
Expected Contribution For Next Year (12 Months)	-	-

Sensitivity Analysis		
Defined Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	8,34,192	6,20,682
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting	(78,577)	(63,006)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting	91,231	73,658
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	89,796	72,126
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	(78,858)	(62,952)
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	(6,621)	(15,056)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	7,113	15,891

The sensitivity analysis have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the year, while holding all other assumptions constant.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the year, which is the same method as applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation as recognised in the balance sheet.

There is no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from previous year.



34. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT (Contd...)

Notes
Actuarial Gains/ Losses are accounted for immediately in the Other Comprehensive Income.
Salary escalation & attrition rate are considered as advised by the LLP; they appear to be in line with the industry practice considering promotion and demand & supply of the employees.

Qualitative Disclosures
Para 139 (a) Characteristics of defined benefit plan The LLP has a defined benefit gratuity plan in India (unfunded). The LLP's defined benefit gratuity plan is a final salary plan for employees. Gratuity is paid from LLP as and when it becomes due and is paid as per LLP scheme for Gratuity. Para 139 (b) Risks associated with defined benefit plan Gratuity is a defined benefit plan and company is exposed to the Following Risks: Interest rate risk: A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the G.Sec. Rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. Salary Risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, an increase in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's liability. Asset Liability Matching Risk: The plan faces the ALM risk as to the matching cash flow. LLP has to manage pay-out based on pay as you go basis from own funds. Mortality risk: Since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan does not have any longevity risk. Para 139 (c) Characteristics of defined benefit plans During the year, there were no plan amendments, curtailments and settlements. Para 147 (a) Gratuity plan is unfunded.



PANORAMA STUDIOS DISTRIBUTION LLP

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

35. GOING CONCERN BASIS

The designated partners have considered the basis of preparation of the LLP's financial statements and after careful assessment have concluded that it continues to be appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis.

36. FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

Foreign currency risk arises from commercial transaction that recognize assets and liabilities denominated in currency that is not a LLP functional currency (INR). The LLP is not exposed to significant foreign exchange risk at the respective reporting dates.

37. CREDIT RISK

Credit risk arises from the possibility that counter party may not be settle their obligations are agreed. The LLP is not exposed to significant credit risk at the respective reporting dates.

38. INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. LLP does not have significant exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates as LLP's debt obligations are in fixed interest rates.

39. LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the LLP will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The LLP is not exposed to significant liquidity risk at the respective reporting dates.

40. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The LLP does not have any contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2023 (Previous year - NIL).

41. PREVIOUS YEAR'S FIGURES

Previous year's figures have been regrouped, recast and rearranged wherever necessary so as to make them comparable with those of current year.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date
For S.S. Rathi & Company
Chartered Accountants
F.R No. 108726W

CA. Rishi Rathi
Partner
Mem. No. 163015

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2023
UDIN : 23163015BGYQIL9667



For and on behalf of the Designated Partners of
Panorama Studios Distribution LLP

Abhishek Pathak
Designated Partner
DPIN : 00700868

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2023

Murlihar Chhatwani
Designated Partner
DPIN : 07189753

Place: Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2023

